



International Boundary and Water Commission United States Section

For immediate release
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AGENCY ACCEPTS PUBLIC COMMENT ON ALTERNATIVES TO IMPROVE THE FLOOD CAPACITY OF THE ARROYO COLORADO IN HARLINGEN, TEXAS

The United States Section of the International Boundary and Water Commission (USIBWC) is soliciting public comment on alternative methods to restore the capacity of the Arroyo Colorado in Harlingen, Texas to carry floodwaters. USIBWC representatives will participate in a public scoping meeting to present alternatives to restore the capacity of the Arroyo Colorado over a 6.3-mile segment from Business 77 (Sunshine Strip) to Highway 574 (Cemetery Road) in Harlingen and Cameron County, Texas.

The public scoping meeting will be held on Thursday, December 12, 5:00 – 7:00 p.m. at the City of Harlingen Community Center, 201 East Madison Avenue. Materials will be presented in an open house format that will describe alternatives under consideration to restore the Arroyo Colorado's capacity.

USIBWC oversees the Lower Rio Grande Flood Control Project (LRGFCP), which controls floodwater in the Lower Rio Grande and interior floodways in the tri-county region (Hidalgo, Cameron, and Willacy Counties). During river flooding, Anzalduas Dam south of Mission, Texas is used to divert floodwater from the Rio Grande into the interior floodway system to control flooding along the river. A portion of this water eventually flows into the Arroyo Colorado, a natural channel confined by high banks in most areas. The USIBWC

maintains the LRGFCP and its levee systems and removes obstructions from the floodways to maintain conveyance capacity.

USIBWC is considering additional maintenance activities that are intended to restore the Arroyo Colorado's flood conveyance capabilities. The Arroyo Colorado is an important part of the LRGFCP that protects residents, businesses, and farmland from flooding in the Lower Rio Grande Valley of Texas.

Over time, increases in vegetation and sediment caused the Arroyo Colorado to lose more than 50 percent of its capacity to carry floodwaters, which increases flood risk. Recent vegetation and sediment removal has restored some of the Arroyo Colorado's flood conveyance capacity.

USIBWC is considering the following alternatives, some of which would restore the full design capacity of the Arroyo Colorado:

No Action Alternative

Current vegetation and minor sediment maintenance operations would continue. Between US 77 and FM 509, vegetation maintenance occurs on 53 acres of floodplain and minor sediment maintenance occurs near bridges and other structures. These maintenance operations would continue as part of each of the alternatives currently under consideration. This alternative would not restore the Arroyo Colorado's flood conveyance capacity, and properties in Harlingen would continue to have an increased flood risk.

Off-Channel Storage Alternative

The Arroyo Colorado's flood conveyance capacity would not be restored. Water surface elevations would be managed by temporarily storing floodwater in a new detention basin that may require up to 2,204 acres to construct and operate. Properties in Harlingen would have a much-reduced flood risk.

Expanded Vegetation Removal Alternative

Additional flood conveyance capacity would be restored by expanding vegetation removal and maintenance activities downstream to Cemetery Road. This may not fully restore the Arroyo Colorado's flood conveyance capacity and some increased flood risk may continue.

Expanded Vegetation and Sediment Removal Alternative

Flood conveyance capacity would be fully restored through dredging and expanded vegetation management between US 77 and Cemetery Road. This alternative would provide properties in Harlingen with the greatest decrease in flood risk.

Public comment will be accepted at the meeting and the presentation materials, a fact sheet, and instructions to submit comments will be available for a continuing 30-day period at https://www.ibwc.gov/EMD/EIS_EA_Public_Comment.html beginning December 12 and ending on January 11, 2020. Public comments received will be used to refine the alternatives and prepare an Environmental Assessment. There will be an additional opportunity for public and stakeholder review and comment on the draft Environmental Assessment once it is completed.

Implementation of the selected alternative will not begin until the Final Environmental Assessment is completed, and the proper permits and funding have been secured.

For more information, contact Mr. Kelly Blough, Environmental Protection Specialist, 915-832-4734 or Kelly.Blough@ibwc.gov.

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